



X16 SATA Product Manual

Standard 512E* models ST16000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST12000NM001G ST10000NM001G **Self-Encrypting 512E* models** ST16000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM003G ST10000NM003G

* Default configuration is 512E for 512E / 4KN drives. See Section 2.2.1 to Fast Format to 4KN in seconds

> 100845789, Rev. G January 2020

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When referring to drive capacity, one gigabyte, or GB, equals one billion bytes and one terabyte, or TB, equals one trillion bytes. Your computer's operating system may use a different standard of measurement and report a lower capacity. In addition, some of the listed capacity is used for formatting and other functions, and thus will not be available for data storage. Actual quantities will vary based on various factors, including file size, file format, features and application software. Actual data rates may vary depending on operating environment and other factors. The export or re-export of hardware or software containing encryption may be regulated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Industry and Security (for more information, visit www.bis.doc.gov), and controlled for import and use outside of the U.S. Seagate reserves the right to change, without notice, product offerings or specifications.

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1.0 Introduction

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following: Seagate® Exos® X16 SATA drive models.

Table 1: Models

| 512E models | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Standard | Self-Encryption | | | |
| ST16000NM001G | ST16000NM003G | | | |
| ST14000NM001G | ST14000NM003G | | | |
| ST12000NM001G | ST12000NM003G | | | |
| ST10000NM001G | ST10000NM003G | | | |

These drives provide the following key features:

- 256 MB data buffer.
- 7200 RPM spindle speed.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- High instantaneous (burst) data-transfer rates (up to 600MB per second).
- Native Command Queuing with command ordering to increase performance in demanding applications.
- PowerChoice[™] for selectable power savings
- Perpendicular recording technology provides the drives with increased areal density.
- SeaTools[™] diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- Supports latching SATA cables and connectors.
- T13 Fast Format conversion (see Section 2.2.1)
- Top Cover Attached motor for excellent vibration tolerance
- Worldwide Name (WWN) capability uniquely identifies the drive.

| NOTE | Seagate recommends validating the configuration with the selected HBA/RAID controller manufacturer to ensure use of full capacity is supported. |
|------|--|
| NOTE | Previous generations of Seagate Self-Encrypting Drive models were called Full Disk Encryption (FDE) models before a differentiation between drive-based encryption and other forms of encryption was necessary. |
| NOTE | The Self-Encrypting Drive models indicated on the cover of this product manual have provisions for "Security of Data at Rest" based on the standards defined by the Trusted Computing Group (see www.trustedcomputinggroup.org). |

1.1 About the Serial ATA interface

The Serial ATA interface provides several advantages over the traditional (parallel) ATA interface. The primary advantages include:

- Easy installation and configuration with true plug-and-play connectivity. It is not necessary to set any jumpers or other configuration options.
- Thinner and more flexible cabling for improved enclosure airflow and ease of installation.
- Scalability to higher performance levels.

In addition, Serial ATA makes the transition from parallel ATA easy by providing legacy software support. Serial ATA was designed to allow users to install a Serial ATA host adapter and Serial ATA disk drive in the current system and expect all of the existing applications to work as normal.

The Serial ATA interface connects each disk drive in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship with Serial ATA devices like there is with parallel ATA. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This essentially means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

NOTEThe host adapter may, optionally, emulate a master/slave environment to host software
where two devices on separate Serial ATA ports are represented to host software as a
Device 0 (master) and Device 1 (slave) accessed at the same set of host bus addresses. A
host adapter that emulates a master/slave environment manages two sets of shadow
registers. This is not a typical Serial ATA environment.

The Serial ATA host adapter and drive share the function of emulating parallel ATA device behavior to provide backward compatibility with existing host systems and software. The Command and Control Block registers, PIO and DMA data transfers, resets, and interrupts are all emulated.

The Serial ATA host adapter contains a set of registers that shadow the contents of the traditional device registers, referred to as the Shadow Register Block. All Serial ATA devices behave like Device 0 devices. For additional information about how Serial ATA emulates parallel ATA, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification. The specification can be downloaded from www.serialata.org.

2.0 Drive specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate the Exos X16 SATA drive models.

2.1 Specification summary tables

The specifications listed in the following tables are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, see the appropriate section of this manual.

Table 2 Drive specifications summary

| Drive specification | ST16000NM001G, ST16000NM003G | ST14000NM001G, ST14000NM003G | ST12000NM001G, ST12000NM003G | ST10000NM001G, ST10000NM003G |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Formatted (512 bytes/sector)* | 16TB | 14TB | 12TB | 10TB |
| Guaranteed sectors | (see Section 2.2) | | | |
| Heads | 18 | 16 | 16 | 14 |
| Disks | 9 | | | |
| Bytes per logical sector | 512 | | | |
| Bytes per physical sector | 4096 | | | |
| Recording density, KBPI (Kb/in max) | 2336 | | | |
| Track density, KTPI (ktracks/in avg.) | 423 | | | |
| Areal density, (Gb/in ² avg) | 1028 | | | |
| Spindle speed (RPM) | 7200 | | | |
| Internal data transfer rate (Mb/s max) | 2772 | | | |
| Sustained data transfer rate OD (MiB/s max) | 249 (261 MB/s max) 234 (245 MB/s max) | | | |
| I/O data-transfer rate (MB/s max) | 600 | | | |
| ATA data-transfer modes supported | PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA modes 0–2 Ultra DMA modes 0–6 | | | |
| Cache buffer | 256MB (262,144KB) | | | |
| Weight: (maximum) | 670g (1.477 lb) | | | |
| Average latency | 4.16ms | | | |
| Power-on to ready (sec) (typ/max) | 25/30 | | | |
| Standby to ready (sec) (typ/max) | 25/30 | | | |
| Startup current (typical) 12V (peak) | 2.6A 2.0A (optional configuration through Smart Command Transport) | | | |
| Voltage tolerance (including noise) | 5V ± 5% 12V ± 10% | | | |
| Operating temperature [†] | 5° to 60°C (Drive Reported Temperature) | | | |
| Non-Operating temperature | -40° to 70°C (Ambient Temperature, see sections 2.6.1 and 2.14) | | | |

| Drive specification | ST16000NM001G, ST16000NM003G | ST14000NM001G, ST14000NM003G | ST12000NM001G, ST12000NM003G | ST10000NM001G, ST10000NM003G | |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Temperature gradient (°C per hour max) | 20°C (operating) 20°C (nonoperating) | | | | |
| Relative humidity [*] | 5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (nonoperation | ng) | | | |
| Relative humidity gradient | 20% per hour max | | | | |
| Altitude, operating | -304.8 m to 3,048 m (-1000 ft to 10,000+ ft) | | | | |
| Altitude, nonoperating (below mean sea level, max) | -304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft to 40,000+ ft) | | | | |
| Operational Shock (2 ms) | 50 Gs | | | | |
| Non-Operational Shock (2 ms) | 200 Gs | | | | |
| Linear Random Operating Vibration | 5–500 Hz: 0.70 Grm | 5 | | | |
| Random Rotary Operating Vibration | 20–1500Hz: 12.5 rads/ | ′s² | | | |
| Linear Random Non-Operating Vibration | 2–500 Hz: 2.27 Grm | S | | | |
| Drive acoustics, sound power (bels) | | | | | |
| ldle | 2.8 (typical) 3.0 (max) During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the SMART specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels. | | | | |
| Performance seek | 3.2 (typical) 3.4 (max) | | | | |
| Nonrecoverable read errors | 1 sector per 10 ¹⁵ bits read | | | | |
| Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)* | 0.35% based on 8760 POH | | | | |
| Maximum Rated Workload [*] | ed Workload [*] Maximum rate of <550TB/year | | | | |
| | Workloads exceeding the annualized rate may degrade the drive MTBF and impact product reli- ability. The Annualized Workload Rate is in units of TB per year, or TB per 8760 power on hours. Workload Rate = TB transferred * (8760 / recorded power on hours). | | | | |
| Warranty | To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-replacements/</u> . | | | | |
| | From this page, click on the "Is my Drive under Warranty" link. The following are required to be provided: the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of purchase. The system will display the warranty information for the drive. | | | | |
| Load-unload cycles | 600,000 | | | | |
| Supports Hotplug operation per Serial ATA Revision 3.3 specification | Yes | | | | |

* One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

* See Section 2.10, "Reliability" for rated MTBF device operating condition requirements.

2.2 Formatted capacity

| ST models | Formatted capacity* | Guaranteed sectors | Bytes per logical sector | Guaranteed sectors | Bytes per logical sector |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| ST16000NM001G, ST16000NM003G | 16TB | 31,251,759,104 | | 3,906,469,888 | |
| ST14000NM001G, ST14000NM003G | 14TB | 27,344,764,928 | 512 | 3,418,095,616 | 4096 |
| ST12000NM001G, ST12000NM003G | 12TB | 23,437,770,752 | (Default) | 2,929,721,344 | (see Section 2.2.1) |
| ST10000NM001G, ST10000NM003G | 10TB | 19,532,873,728 | | 2,441,609,216 | |

*One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

LBA Counts for drive capacities greater than 8TB are calculated based upon the SFF-8447 standard publication. <u>ftp://ftp.seagate.com/sff/SFF-8447.PDF</u>

2.2.1 Fast Format - logical sector size conversion

- Drive supports either 512E or 4KN logical sector size formats
- SET SECTOR CONFIGURATION EXT (B2h) command (ACS-4 Standard) quickly converts between 512 and 4096 byte logical sector size formats
- The selected sector size change occurs immediately upon command completion
- Default shipping format is 512E

Table 3 SET SECTOR CONFIGURATION EXT command inputs

| Field | Description | |
|---------|---|--|
| FEATURE | COMMAND CHECK field | |
| COUNT | Bit Description | |
| | 15 : 3 Reserved | |
| | 2:0 SECTOR CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTOR INDEX field | |
| LBA | Reserved | |
| DEVICE | Bit Description | |
| | 7 Obsolete | |
| | 6 N/A | |
| | 5 Obsolete | |
| | 4 Transport Dependent | |
| | 3:0 Reserved | |
| COMMAND | 7:0 B2h | |

- COMMAND CHECK field value is taken from the DESCRIPTOR CHECK field in the descriptor specified by the SECTOR CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTOR INDEX field
- SECTOR CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTOR INDEX field specifies the Sector Configuration descriptor in the Set Sector Configuration log page

NOTE

Sector Configuration log (Log Address 2Fh)

The Sector Configuration log contains Sector Configuration descriptors. The Sector Configuration descriptors describe sector configurations. The sector configuration is specified using the SET SECTOR CONFIGURATION EXT command.

| Offset | Туре | Description | |
|--------|-------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 015 | Bytes | Sector Configuration descriptor 0 | |
| 1631 | Bytes | Sector Configuration descriptor 1 | |
| | | | |
| 112127 | Bytes | Sector Configuration descriptor 7 | |
| 128511 | Bytes | Reserved | |

Table 4Sector Configuration descriptors page format (log page 00h)

Table 5 Sector Configuration descriptors format

| Offset | Туре | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| 0 | Byte | Sector Configuration descriptor flags |
| | | Bit Description |
| | | 7 DESCRIPTOR VALID bit |
| | | 6:0 Reserved |
| 1 | Byte | LOGICAL TO PHYSICAL SECTOR RELATIONSHIP SETTING field |
| 23 | Word | DESCRIPTOR CHECK field |
| 47 | DWord | LOGICAL SECTOR SIZE SETTING field |
| 815 | Bytes | Reserved |

2.2.2 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

See **Section 5.3.1, "Identify Device command"** (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48-bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137GB.

2.3 Recording and interface technology

| Interface | Serial ATA (SATA) |
|---|------------------------|
| Recording method | Perpendicular |
| Recording density, KBPI (Kb/in max) | 2336 |
| Track density, KTPI (ktracks/in avg) | 423 |
| Areal density (Gb/in ² avg) | 1028 |
| Spindle speed (RPM) (± 0.2%) | 7200 |
| Internal data transfer rate (Mb/s max) | 2772 |
| Sustained data transfer rate (MiB/s max) (16TB and 14TB models) | 249 |
| Sustained data transfer rate (MiB/s max) (12TB and 10TB models) | 234 |
| I/O data-transfer rate (MB/s max) | 600 (Ultra DMA mode 5) |

2.4 Start/stop times

| Power-on to Ready (sec) (typ/max) | 25/30 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Standby to Ready (sec) (typ/max) | 25/30 |
| Ready to spindle stop (sec) (max) | 20 |

NOTE

Power-on to ready time is based on typical operating conditions, and default full current spin-up profile.

2.5 **Power specifications**

The drive receives DC power (+5V or +12V) through a native SATA power connector. See Figure 2 on page 24.

2.5.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in **Table 6**. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, using 5.0V and 12.0V input voltage at 25°C ambient temperature..

| | 6.0Gb mo | 6.0Gb mode | | | |
|---|----------|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| Voltage | +5V | +12V | Watts | | |
| Regulation | ± 5% | ± 5% ± 10% Tota | | | |
| Avg Idle Current * | 0.24 | 0.32 | 5.09 | | |
| Advanced Idle Current * | | | | | |
| ldle_A | 0.24 | 0.32 | 5.07 | | |
| ldle_B | 0.20 | 0.19 | 3.24 | | |
| ldle_C | 0.19 | 0.13 | 2.47 | | |
| Standby | 0.18 | 0.01 | 1.06 | | |
| Maximum Start Current | | | | | |
| DC (peak DC) | 0.90 | 2.04 | 28.95 | | |
| AC (Peak DC) | 1.14 | 2.76 | | | |
| Delayed motor start (max) DC | 0.26 | 0.08 | | | |
| Operating current (random read 4K16Q): | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.43 | 0.65 | 9.96 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.43 | 0.65 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.29 | 2.40 | | | |
| Operating current (random write 4K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.34 | 0.38 | 6.30 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.35 | 0.39 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.86 | 2.52 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential read 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.81 | 0.32 | 7.82 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.81 | 0.32 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.08 | 1.33 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential write 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.68 | 0.31 | 7.12 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.69 | 0.31 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.81 | 1.06 | | | |

 Table 6
 DC power requirements (16TB and 14TB)

Table 7 DC power requirements (12TB)

| | 6.0Gb mo | 6.0Gb mode | | | |
|---|----------|------------|-------|--|--|
| Voltage | +5V | +12V | Watts | | |
| Regulation | ± 5% | ±10% | Total | | |
| Avg Idle Current * | 0.22 | 0.31 | 4.81 | | |
| Advanced Idle Current * | | | | | |
| Idle_A | 0.22 | 0.31 | 4.80 | | |
| Idle_B | 0.18 | 0.20 | 3.33 | | |
| ldle_C | 0.17 | 0.13 | 2.42 | | |
| Standby | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.97 | | |
| Maximum Start Current | | | | | |
| DC (peak DC) | 0.84 | 1.99 | 28.03 | | |
| AC (Peak DC) | 1.00 | 2.88 | | | |
| Delayed motor start (max) DC | 0.46 | 0.11 | | | |
| Operating current (random read 4K16Q): | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.39 | 0.62 | 9.32 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.40 | 0.62 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.27 | 2.40 | | | |
| Operating current (random write 4K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.31 | 0.36 | 5.91 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.32 | 0.37 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.85 | 2.45 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential read 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.73 | 0.30 | 7.23 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.74 | 0.30 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.04 | 1.33 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential write 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.65 | 0.30 | 6.79 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.66 | 0.30 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.84 | 0.91 | | | |

•

Table 8 DC power requirements (10TB)

| | 6.0Gb mo | 6.0Gb mode | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------|--|--|
| Voltage | +5V | +12V | Watts | | |
| Regulation | ± 5% | ±5% ±10% Tota | | | |
| Avg Idle Current * | 0.22 | 0.31 | 4.79 | | |
| Advanced Idle Current * | | | | | |
| Idle_A | 0.22 | 0.30 | 4.74 | | |
| Idle_B | 0.17 | 0.18 | 3.02 | | |
| ldle_C | 0.17 | 0.12 | 2.29 | | |
| Standby | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.93 | | |
| Maximum Start Current | | | | | |
| DC (peak DC) | 0.82 | 1.95 | 27.46 | | |
| AC (Peak DC) | 1.03 | 2.90 | | | |
| Delayed motor start (max) DC | 0.27 | 0.10 | | | |
| Operating current (random read 4K16Q): | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.39 | 0.63 | 9.47 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.40 | 0.63 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.13 | 2.37 | | | |
| Operating current (random write 4K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.30 | 0.37 | 5.90 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.31 | 0.38 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.83 | 2.38 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential read 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.73 | 0.30 | 7.26 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.74 | 0.30 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 1.03 | 1.34 | | | |
| Operating current (sequential write 64K16Q) | | | | | |
| Typical DC | 0.64 | 0.30 | 6.75 | | |
| Maximum DC | 0.65 | 0.30 | | | |
| Maximum DC (peak) | 0.83 | 0.97 | | | |

*During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

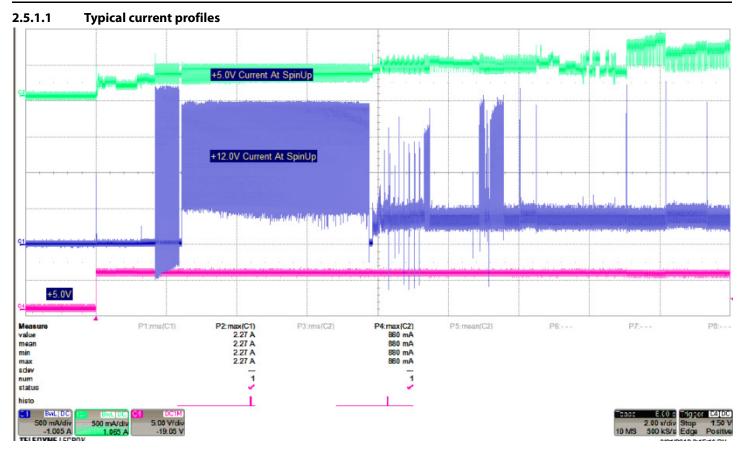


Figure 1. Typical 5V and 12V startup and operation current profiles

2.5.2 Conducted noise

Noise is specified as a periodic and random distribution of frequencies covering a band from DC to 10 MHz. Maximum allowed noise values given below are peak-to-peak measurements and apply at the drive power connector.

- +5v = 250 mV pp from 100 Hz to 20 MHz.
- +12v = 800 mV pp from 100 Hz to 8 KHz. 450 mV pp from 8 KHz to 20 KHz. 250 mV pp from 20 KHz to 5 MHz.

2.5.3 Voltage tolerance

Voltage tolerance (including noise):

5V ± 5% 12V ± 10%

2.5.4 Extended Power Conditions - PowerChoice[™]

Utilizing the load/unload architecture a programmable power management interface is provided to tailor systems for reduced power consumption and performance requirements.

The table below lists the supported power conditions available in PowerChoice. Power conditions are ordered from highest power consumption (and shortest recovery time) to lowest power consumption (and longest recovery time) as follows: Idle_a power >= Idle_b power >= Idle_c power >= Standby_z power. The further users go down in the table, the more power savings is actualized. For example, Idle_b results in greater power savings than the Idle_a power condition. Standby results in the greatest power savings.

| Power Condition Name | Power Condition ID | Description | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Idle_a | 81 _H | Reduced electronics | |
| Idle_b | 82 _H | Heads unloaded. Disks spinning at full RPM | |
| Idle_c | 83 _H | Heads unloaded. Disks spinning at reduced RPM | |
| Standby_z | 00 _H | Heads unloaded. Motor stopped (disks not spinning) | |

Each power condition has a set of current, saved and default settings. Default settings are not modifiable. Default and saved settings persist across power-on resets. The current settings do not persist across power-on resets. At the time of manufacture, the default, saved and current settings are in the Power Conditions log match.

PowerChoice is invoked using one of two methods

- Automatic power transitions which are triggered by expiration of individual power condition timers. These timer
 values may be customized and enabled using the Extended Power Conditions (EPC) feature set using the
 standardized Set Features command interface.
- Immediate host commanded power transitions may be initiated using an EPC Set Features "Go to Power Condition" subcommand to enter any supported power condition. Legacy power commands Standby Immediate and Idle Immediate also provide a method to directly transition the drive into supported power conditions.

PowerChoice exits power saving states under the following conditions

- Any command which requires the drive to enter the PM0: Active state (media access)
- Power on reset

PowerChoice provides the following reporting methods for tracking purposes

Check Power Mode Command

Reports the current power state of the drive

Identify Device Command

- EPC Feature set supported flag
- EPC Feature enabled flag is set if at least one Idle power condition timer is enabled

Power Condition Log reports the following for each power condition

- Nominal recovery time from the power condition to active
- If the power condition is Supported, Changeable, and Savable
- Default enabled state, and timer value
- Saved enabled state, and timer value
- Current enabled state, and timer value

S.M.A.R.T. Read Data Reports

- Attribute 192 Emergency Retract Count
- Attribute 193 Load/Unload Cycle Count

PowerChoice Manufacture Default Power Condition Timer Values

Default power condition timer values have been established to assure product reliability and data integrity. A minimum timer value threshold of two minutes ensures the appropriate amount of background drive maintenance activities occur. Attempting to set a timer values less than the specified minimum timer value threshold will result in an aborted EPC "Set Power Condition Timer" subcommand.

| Power Condition Name | Manufacturer Default Timer Values | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| ldle_a | 100 ms | | |
| ldle_b | 2 min | | |
| ldle_c | 4 min | | |
| Standby_z | 15 min | | |

Setting power condition timer values less than the manufacturer specified defaults or issuing the EPC "Go to Power Condition" subcommand at a rate exceeding the default timers may limit this products reliability and data integrity.

PowerChoice Supported Extended Power Condition Feature Subcommands

| EPC Subcommand Description | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 00 _H | Restore Power Condition Settings |
| 01 _H | Go to Power Condition |
| 02 _H | Set Power Condition Timer |
| 03 _H | Set Power Condition State |
| 04 _H | Enable EPC Feature Set |
| 05 _H | Disable EPC Feature Set |

PowerChoice Supported Extended Power Condition Identifiers

| Power Condition Identifiers | Power Condition Name |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 00 _H | Standby_z |
| 01 - 80 _H | Reserved |
| 81 _H | ldle_a |
| 82 _H | ldle_b |
| 83 _H | ldle_c |
| 84 - FE _H | Reserved |
| FF _H | All EPC Power Conditions |

2.6 Environmental limits

Temperature and humidity values experienced by the drive must be such that condensation does not occur on any drive part. Altitude and atmospheric pressure specifications are referenced to a standard day at 58.7°F (14.8°C).

NOTE To maintain optimal performance drives should be run at nominal drive temperatures and humidity.

See **Section 2.10**, **"Reliability**" for rated MTBF device operating condition requirements.

2.6.1 Temperature

a. Operating

41°F to 140°F (5°C to 60°C) temperature range with a maximum temperature gradient of 36°F (20°C) per hour as reported by the drive.

The maximum allowable drive reported temperature is 140°F (60°C).

Air flow may be required to achieve consistent nominal drive temperature values (see **Section 3.4**). To confirm that the required cooling is provided for the electronics and HDA, place the drive in its final mechanical configuration, and perform random write/read operations. After the temperatures stabilize, monitor the current drive temperature using the SMART temperature attribute 194 or Device Statistics log 04h page 5.

b. Non-operating

-40° to 158°F (-40° to 70°C) package ambient with a maximum gradient of 36°F (20°C) per hour. This specification assumes that the drive is packaged in the shipping container designed by Seagate for use with drive.

2.6.2 Humidity

The values below assume that no condensation on the drive occurs. Maximum wet bulb temperature is 84.2°F (29°C).

2.6.2.1 Relative humidity

| Operating: | 5% to 95% non-condensing relative humidity with a maximum gradient of 20% per hour. |
|---------------|---|
| Nonoperating: | 5% to 95% non-condensing relative humidity with a maximum gradient of 20% per hour. |

2.6.3 Effective Altitude (sea level)

| Operating: | –304.8 m to 3048 m (–1000 ft. to 10,000+ ft.) |
|---------------|---|
| Nonoperating: | -304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft. to 40,000+ ft.) |

2.6.4 Shock and Vibration

Shock and vibration measurements specified in this document are made directly on the drive itself and applied in the X, Y, and Z axis at the drive mounting point locations.

2.6.4.1 Shock

a. Operating

The drive will operate without error while subjected to intermittent shock pulses not exceeding 50g at a duration of 2ms.

b. Non-operating

The drive will operate without non-recoverable errors after being subjected to shock pulses not exceeding 200g at a duration of 2ms.

2.6.4.2 Vibration

a. Linear Random Operating Vibration

The drive will operate without non-recoverable errors while being subjected to the random power spectral density noise specified below.

| PSD of 5-500 Hz random noise at 0.70 g rms | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Frequency (Hz) 5 20 200 250 500 | | | | | | |
| G^2/Hz | 0.00025 | 0.00210 | 0.00210 | 0.00020 | 0.00020 | |

b. Random Rotary Operating Vibration

The drive will exhibit greater than 90% throughput for sequential and random write operations while subjected to the shaped random power spectral density noise specified below.

| PSD Profile 20-1500 Hz at 12.5 rad/sec^2 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Frequency (Hz) 20 200 800 1500 | | | | | | |
| (rad/sec^2)^2/Hz | 5.53E-02 | 5.53E-02 | 3.49E-01 | 6.14E-04 | | |

c. Linear Random Non-Operating Vibration

The drive will not incur physical damage or have non-recoverable errors after being subjected to the power spectral density noise specified below.

| PSD Profile 2-500 Hz at 2.27 g rms | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Frequency (Hz) 2 4 100 500 | | | | | |
| G^2/Hz | 0.001 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.001 | |

Drive specifications

2.7 Acoustics

Drive acoustics are measured as overall A-weighted acoustic sound power levels (no pure tones). All measurements are consistent with ISO document 7779. Sound power measurements are taken under essentially free-field conditions over a reflecting plane. For all tests, the drive is oriented with the cover facing upward.

NOTE For seek mode tests, the drive is placed in seek mode only. The number of seeks per second is defined by the following equation:

(Number of seeks per second = 0.4 / (average latency + average access time

Table 9 Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor acoustics

| | Idle* | Performance seek | |
|------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| All models | 2.8 bels (typ) 3.0 bels (max) | 3.2 bels (typ) 3.4 bels (max) | |

*During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.8 Test for Prominent Discrete Tones (PDTs)

Seagate follows the ECMA-74 standards for measurement and identification of PDTs. An exception to this process is the use of the absolute threshold of hearing. Seagate uses this threshold curve (originated in ISO 389-7) to discern tone audibility and to compensate for the inaudible components of sound prior to computation of tone ratios according to Annex D of the ECMA-74 standards.

2.9 Electromagnetic immunity

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environments defined in the following table:

| Test | Description | Performance level | Reference standard |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Electrostatic discharge | Contact, HCP, VCP: ± 4 kV; Air: ± 8 kV | В | EN 61000-4-2:95 |
| Radiated RF immunity | RF immunity 80 to 1000 MHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz | | EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95 |
| Electrical fast transient | \pm 1 kV on AC mains, \pm 0.5 kV on external I/O | В | EN 61000-4-4: 95 |
| Surge immunity | \pm 1 kV differential, \pm 2 kV common, AC mains | В | EN 61000-4-5: 95 |
| Conducted RF immunity | 150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine | A | EN 61000-4-6: 97 |
| Voltage dips, interrupts | 0% open, 5 seconds 0% short, 5 seconds 40%, 0.10 seconds 70%, 0.01 seconds | C C C B | EN 61000-4-11:94 |

Table 10 Radio frequency environments

2.10 Reliability

2.10.1 Annualized Failure Rate (AFR) and Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)

The production disk drive shall achieve an annualized failure-rate of 0.35% (MTBF of 2,500,000 hours) over a 5 year service life when used in Enterprise Storage field conditions as limited by the following:

- 8760 power-on hours per year.
- HDA temperature as reported by the drive <= 30°C
- Ambient wet bulb temp <= 26°C
- Typical workload
- The AFR (MTBF) is a population statistic not relevant to individual units
- ANSI/ISA S71.04-2013 G2 classification levels and dust contamination to ISO 14644-1 Class 8 standards (as measured at the device)

The MTBF specification for the drive assumes the operating environment is designed to maintain nominal drive temperature and humidity. Occasional excursions in operating conditions between the rated MTBF conditions and the maximum drive operating conditions may occur without significant impact to the rated MTBF. However continual or sustained operation beyond the rated MTBF conditions will degrade the drive MTBF and reduce product reliability.

| Nonrecoverable read errors | 1 per 10 ¹⁵ bits read, max |
|----------------------------|---|
| Load unload cycles | 600,000 cycles |
| Maximum Rated Workload | Maximum rate of <550TB/year Workloads exceeding the annualized rate may degrade the drive MTBF and impact product reliability. The Annualized Workload Rate is in units of TB per year, or TB per 8760 power on hours. Workload Rate = TB transferred * (8760 / recorded power on hours). |
| Warranty | To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-replacements/</u> . From this page, click on the "Is my Drive under Warranty" link. The following are required to be provided: the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of purchase. The system will display the warranty information for the drive. |
| Preventive maintenance | None required. |

2.11 HDD and SSD Regulatory Compliance and Safety

For the latest regulatory and compliance information see: **https://www.seagate.com/support/** scroll to bottom of page and click the Seagate HDD and SSD Regulatory Compliance and Safety link.

2.11.1 Regulatory Models

The following regulatory model number represent all features and configurations within the series:

Regulatory Model Numbers: STL008

2.12 Corrosive environment

electronic drive components pass accelerated corrosion testing equivalent to 10 years exposure to light industrial environments containing sulfurous gases, chlorine and nitric oxide, classes G and H per ASTM B845. However, this accelerated testing cannot duplicate every potential application environment.

Users should use caution exposing any electronic components to uncontrolled chemical pollutants and corrosive chemicals as electronic drive component reliability can be affected by the installation environment. The silver, copper, nickel and gold films used in hard disk drives are especially sensitive to the presence of sulfide, chloride, and nitrate contaminants. Sulfur is found to be the most damaging. Materials used in cabinet fabrication, such as vulcanized rubber, that can outgas corrosive compounds should be minimized or eliminated. The useful life of any electronic equipment may be extended by replacing materials near circuitry with sulfide-free alternatives.

Seagate recommends that data centers be kept clean by monitoring and controlling the dust and gaseous contamination. Gaseous contamination should be within ANSI/ISA S71.04-2013 G2 classification levels (as measured on copper and silver coupons), and dust contamination to ISO 14644-1 Class 8 standards, and MTBF rated conditions as defined in the Annualized Failure Rate (AFR) and Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) section.

2.13 Reference documents

| Supported Standards | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Serial ATA Revision 3.3 specification | | |
| ANSI Documents | | | |
| | INCITS 529-2018 | ATA/ATAPI Command Set - 4 (ACS-4) | |
| Specification for Acoustic Test Requirement and Procedures Seagate part number: 30553-001 | | | |

In case of conflict between this document and any referenced document, this document takes precedence.

2.14 Product warranty

Beginning on the date of shipment to the customer and continuing for the period specified in the purchase contract, Seagate warrants that each product (including components and subassemblies) that fails to function properly under normal use due to defect in materials or workmanship or due to nonconformance to the applicable specifications will be repaired or replaced, at Seagate's option and at no charge to the customer, if returned by customer at customer's expense to Seagate's designated facility in accordance with Seagate's warranty procedure. Seagate will pay for transporting the repair or replacement item to the customer. For more detailed warranty information, refer to the standard terms and conditions of purchase for Seagate products on the purchase documentation.

The remaining warranty for a particular drive can be determined by calling Seagate Customer Service at 1-800-468-3472. Users can also determine remaining warranty using the Seagate web site (<u>www.seagate.com</u>). The drive serial number is required to determine remaining warranty information.

Shipping

When transporting or shipping a drive, use only a Seagate-approved container. Keep the original box. Seagate approved containers are easily identified by the Seagate Approved Package label. Shipping a drive in a non-approved container voids the drive warranty.

Seagate repair centers may refuse receipt of components improperly packaged or obviously damaged in transit. Contact the authorized Seagate distributor to purchase additional boxes. Seagate recommends shipping by an airride carrier experienced in handling computer equipment.

Storage

Maximum storage periods are 180 days within original unopened Seagate shipping package or 60 days unpackaged within the defined non-operating limits (refer to environmental section in this manual). Storage can be extended to 1 year packaged or unpackaged under optimal environmental conditions (25°C, <40% relative humidity non-condensing, and non-corrosive environment). During any storage period the drive non-operational temperature, humidity, wet bulb, atmospheric conditions, shock, vibration, magnetic and electrical field specifications should be followed.

Product repair and return information

Seagate customer service centers are the only facilities authorized to service Seagate drives. Seagate does not sanction any third-party repair facilities. Any unauthorized repair or tampering with the factory seal voids the warranty.

3.0 Configuring and mounting the drive

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 Handling and static-discharge precautions

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions:

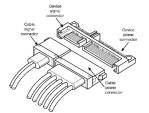
| Caution | Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground oneself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure. Handle the drive by its edges or frame <i>only</i>. The drive is extremely fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover. Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until mounting it in the computer. Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board. Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are used to seal out dirt and contamination. |
|---------|---|
|---------|---|

3.2 Configuring the drive

Each drive on the Serial ATA interface connects point-to-point with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/ slave relationship because each drive is considered a master in a point-to-point relationship. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. Both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

3.3 Serial ATA cables and connectors

The Serial ATA interface cable consists of four conductors in two differential pairs, plus three ground connections. The cable size may be 30 to 26 AWG with a maximum length of one meter (39.37 in).



See **Table 11** for connector pin definitions. Either end of the SATA signal cable can be attached to the drive or host.

For direct backplane connection, the drive connectors are inserted directly into the host receptacle. The drive and the host receptacle incorporate features that enable the direct connection to be hot pluggable and blind mateable.

For installations which require cables, users can connect the drive as illustrated in Figure 2.

Figure 2. Attaching SATA cabling

Each cable is keyed to ensure correct orientation. Exos X16 SATA drives support latching SATA connectors.

3.4 Drive mounting

Users can mount the drive in any orientation using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. See **Figure 3** for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 in (0.76mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- Use only 6-32 UNC mounting screws.
- The screws should be inserted no more than 0.140 in (3.56mm) into the bottom or side mounting holes.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws (maximum torque: 6 in-lb).

3.4.1 Mechanical specifications

Refer to Figure 3 for detailed mounting configuration dimensions. See Section 3.4, "Drive mounting."

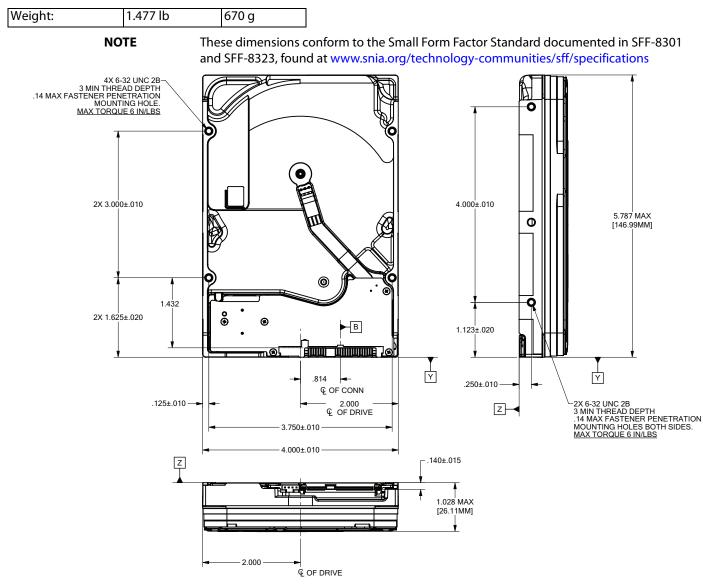


Figure 3. Mounting configuration dimensions

NOTE

The image is for mechanical dimension reference only and may not represent the actual drive.

4.0 About self-encrypting drives

Self-encrypting drives (SEDs) offer encryption and security services for the protection of stored data, commonly known as "protection of data at rest." These drives are compliant with the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) Enterprise Storage Specifications as detailed in **Section 2.13**.

The Trusted Computing Group (TCG) is an organization sponsored and operated by companies in the computer, storage and digital communications industry. Seagate's SED models comply with the standards published by the TCG.

To use the security features in the drive, the host must be capable of constructing and issuing the following two ATA commands:

- Trusted Send
- Trusted Receive

These commands are used to convey the TCG protocol to and from the drive in their command payloads.

4.1 Data encryption

Encrypting drives use one inline encryption engine for each port, employing AES-256 bit data encryption keys with AES-XTS mode to encrypt all data prior to being written on the media and to decrypt all data as it is read from the media. The encryption engines are always in operation and cannot be disabled.

The 32-byte Data Encryption Key (DEK) is a random number which is generated by the drive, never leaves the drive, and is inaccessible to the host system. The DEK is itself encrypted when it is stored on the media and when it is in volatile temporary storage (DRAM) external to the encryption engine. A unique data encryption key is used for each of the drive's possible16 data bands (see Section 4.5).

4.2 Controlled access

The drive has two security providers (SPs) called the "Admin SP" and the "Locking SP." These act as gatekeepers to the drive security services. Security-related commands will not be accepted unless they also supply the correct credentials to prove the requester is authorized to perform the command.

4.2.1 Admin SP

The Admin SP allows the drive's owner to enable or disable firmware download operations (see **Section 4.4**). Access to the Admin SP is available using the SID (Secure ID) password or the MSID (Manufacturers Secure ID) password.

4.2.2 Locking SP

The Locking SP controls read/write access to the media and the cryptographic erase feature. Access to the Locking SP is available using the BandMasterX or EraseMaster passwords. Since the drive owner can define up to 16 data bands on the drive, each data band has its own password called BandMasterX where X is the number of the data band (0 through 15).

4.2.3 Default password

When the drive is shipped from the factory, all passwords are set to the value of MSID. This 32-byte random value can only be read by the host electronically over the interface. After receipt of the drive, it is the responsibility of the owner to use the default MSID password as the authority to change all other passwords to unique owner-specified values.

4.3 Random number generator (RNG)

The drive has a 32-byte hardware RNG that it is uses to derive encryption keys or, if requested to do so, to provide random numbers to the host for system use, including using these numbers as Authentication Keys (passwords) for the drive's Admin and Locking SPs.

4.4 Drive locking

In addition to changing the passwords, as described in **Section 4.2.3**, the owner should also set the data access controls for the individual bands.

The variable "LockOnReset" should be set to "PowerCycle" to ensure that the data bands will be locked if power is lost. In addition "ReadLockEnabled" and "WriteLockEnabled" must be set to true in the locking table in order for the bands "LockOnReset" setting of "PowerCycle" to actually lock access to the band when a "PowerCycle" event occurs. This scenario occurs if the drive is removed from its cabinet. The drive will not honor any data read or write requests until the bands have been unlocked. This prevents the user data from being accessed without the appropriate credentials when the drive has been removed from its cabinet and installed in another system.

When the drive is shipped from the factory, the firmware download port is unlocked.

4.5 Data bands

When shipped from the factory, the drive is configured with a single data band called Band 0 (also known as the Global Data Band) which comprises LBA 0 through LBA max. The host may allocate Band1 by specifying a start LBA and an LBA range. The real estate for this band is taken from the Global Band. An additional 30 Data Bands may be defined in a similar way (Band2 through Band31) but before these bands can be allocated LBA space, they must first be individually enabled using the EraseMaster password.

Data bands cannot overlap but they can be sequential with one band ending at LBA (x) and the next beginning at LBA (x+1).

Each data band has its own drive-generated encryption key and its own user-supplied password. The host may change the Encryption Key (see Section 4.6) or the password when required. The bands should be aligned to 4K LBA boundaries.

4.6 Cryptographic erase

A significant feature of SEDs is the ability to perform a cryptographic erase. This involves the host telling the drive to change the data encryption key for a particular band. Once changed, the data is no longer recoverable since it was written with one key and will be read using a different key. Since the drive overwrites the old key with the new one, and keeps no history of key changes, the user data can never be recovered. This is tantamount to an instantaneous data erase and is very useful if the drive is to be scrapped or redispositioned.

4.7 Authenticated firmware download

In addition to providing a locking mechanism to prevent unwanted firmware download attempts, the drive also only accepts download files which have been cryptographically signed by the appropriate Seagate Design Center.

Three conditions must be met before the drive will allow the download operation:

- 1. The download must be an SED file. A standard (base) drive (non-SED) file will be rejected.
- 2. The download file must be signed and authenticated.
- 3. As with a non-SED drive, the download file must pass the acceptance criteria for the drive. For example it must be applicable to the correct drive model, and have compatible revision and customer status.

4.8 Power requirements

The standard drive models and the SED drive models have identical hardware, however the security and encryption portion of the drive controller ASIC is enabled and functional in the SED models. This represents a small additional drain on the 5V supply of about 30mA and a commensurate increase of about 150mW in power consumption. There is no additional drain on the 12V supply. See the tables in **Section 2.5** for power requirements on the standard (non-SED) drive models.

4.9 Supported commands

The SED models support the following two commands in addition to the commands supported by the standard (non-SED) models as listed in **Table 12**:

- Trusted Send (5Eh) or Trusted Send DMA (5Fh)
- Trusted Receive (5Ch) or Trusted Receive DMA (5D)

4.10 RevertSP

SED models will support the RevertSP feature which erases all data in all bands on the device and returns the contents of all SPs (Security Providers) on the device to their original factory state. In order to execute the RevertSP method the unique PSID (Physical Secure ID) printed on the drive label must be provided. PSID is not electronically accessible and can only be manually read from the drive label or scanned in via the 2D barcode.

4.11 ATA Security Erase Unit Command on SED SATA drives

The ATA SECURITY ERASE UNIT command shall support both the Normal and Enhanced erase modes with the following modifications/additions:

- Normal Erase: Normal erase shall be accomplished by changing the media encryption key for the drive followed by an overwrite operation that repeatedly writes a single sector containing random data to the entire drive. The write operation shall bypass the media encryption. On reading back the overwritten sectors, the host will receive a decrypted version, using the new encryption key, of the random data sector (the returned data will not match what was written).
- Enhanced Erase: Enhanced erase shall be accomplished by changing the media encryption key for the drive.

4.12 Sanitize Device - CRYPTO SCRAMBLE EXT

This command cryptographically erases all user data on the drive by destroying the current data encryption key and replacing it with a new data encryption key randomly generated by the drive. Sanitize Device is a command field B4h and Feature field 0011h (CRYPTO SCRAMBLE EXT).

The drive shall support the Sanitize Feature Set as defined in ANSI/INCITS ACS-2 with the exceptions and/or modifications described in this section.

Support of the SANITIZE FREEZE LOCK EXT command shall be determined on a customer-specific basis. OEM drives shall support the command.

5.0 Serial ATA (SATA) interface

These drives use the industry-standard Serial ATA interface that supports FIS data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–6.

For detailed information about the Serial ATA interface, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification.

5.1 Hot-Plug compatibility

Exos X16 SATA drives incorporate connectors which enable users to hot plug these drives in accordance with the Serial ATA Revision 3.3 specification. This specification can be downloaded from <u>www.serialata.org</u>.

Caution:

The drive motor must come to a complete stop (**Ready to spindle stop time indicated in Section 2.4**) prior to changing the plane of operation. This time is required to insure data integrity.

5.2 Serial ATA device plug connector pin definitions

Table 11 summarizes the signals on the Serial ATA interface and power connectors.

| Segment | Pin | Function | Definition |
|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---|
| Signal | S1 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| | S2 | A+ | Differential signal pair A from Phy |
| | S3 | A- | |
| | S4 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| | S5 | В- | Differential signal pair B from Phy |
| | S6 | B+ | |
| | S7 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| Key and spa | acing sep | barate signal and power seg | jments |
| Power | P1 | V33 | 3.3V power |
| | P2 | V33 | 3.3V power |
| | P3 | V33 | 3.3V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate |
| | P4 | Ground | 1st mate |
| | P5 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| | P6 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| | P7 | V5 | 5V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate |
| | P8 | V5 | 5V power |
| | P9 | V5 | 5V power |
| | P10 | Ground | 2nd mate |
| | P11 | Ground or LED signal | If grounded, drive does not use deferred spin |
| | P12 | Ground | 1st mate. |
| | P13 | V12 | 12V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate |
| | P14 | V12 | 12V power |
| | P15 | V12 | 12V power |

Table 11 Serial ATA connector pin definitions

Notes:

- 1. All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27mm (0.050") pitch.
- 2. The comments on the mating sequence apply to the case of backplane blindmate connector only. In this case, the mating sequences are:
 - the ground pins P4 and P12.
 - the pre-charge power pins and the other ground pins.
 - the signal pins and the rest of the power pins.
- 3. There are three power pins for each voltage. One pin from each voltage is used for pre-charge when installed in a blind-mate backplane configuration.
- 4. All used voltage pins (Vx) must be terminated.

5.3 Supported ATA commands

The following table lists Serial ATA standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification. **See "S.M.A.R.T. commands" on page 54** for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

Table 12 Supported ATA commands

| Command name | Command code (in hex) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Accessible Max Address Configuration | |
| Get Native Max Address Ext | 78 _H / 0000 _H |
| Set Accessible Max Address Ext | 78 _H / 0001 _H |
| Freeze Accessible Max Address Ext | 78 _H / 0002 _H |
| Check Power Mode | E5 _H |
| Download Microcode | 92 _H |
| Execute Device Diagnostics | 90 _H |
| Flush Cache | E7 _H |
| Flush Cache Extended | EA _H |
| Get Physical Element Status | 12 _H |
| Identify Device | EC _H |
| Idle | E3 _H |
| Idle Immediate | E1 _H |
| Read Buffer | E4 _H |
| Read DMA | C8 _H |
| Read DMA Extended | 25 _H |
| Read FPDMA Queued | 60 _H |
| Read Log DMA Ext | 47 _H |
| Read Log Ext | 2F _H |
| Read Multiple | C4 _H |
| Read Multiple Extended | 29 _H |

| Command name | Command code (in hex) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Read Sectors | 20 _H |
| Read Sectors Extended | 24 _H |
| Read Verify Sectors | 40 _H |
| Read Verify Sectors Extended | 42 _H |
| Receive FPDMA Queued | 65 _H |
| Request Sense Data Ext | 0B _H |
| Remove Element And Truncate | 7C _H |
| Sanitize Device - Crypto Scramble | B4 _H / 0011 _H (SED and ISE drives only) |
| Sanitize Device - Overwrite Ext | B4 _H / 0014 _H |
| Sanitize Device - Freeze Lock Ext | B4 _H / 0020 _H |
| Sanitize Device - Status Ext | B4 _H / 0000 _H |
| Security Disable Password | F6 _H |
| Security Erase Prepare | F3 _H |
| Security Erase Unit | F4 _H |
| Security Freeze | F5 _H |
| Security Set Password | F1 _H |
| Security Unlock | F2 _H |
| Seek | 70 _H |
| Send FPDMA Queued | 64 _H |
| Set Date & Time Ext | 77 _H |
| Set Features | EF _H |
| Set Multiple Mode | C6 _H |
| Set Sector Configuration Ext | B2 _H |
| Sleep | E6 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations | B0 _H / D9 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave | B0 _H / D2 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations | B0 _H / D8 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Execute Offline | B0 _H / D4 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Read Attribute Thresholds | B0 _H /D1 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Read Data | B0 _H / D0 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector | B0 _H / D5 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Return Status | B0 _H / DA _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values | B0 _H / D3 _H |
| S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector | B0 _H / D6 _H |
| Standby | E2 _H |
| Standby Immediate | EO _H |

| Command name | Command code (in hex) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Trusted Send | 5E _H (SED drives only) |
| Trusted Send DMA | 5F _H (SED drives only) |
| Trusted Receive | 5C _H (SED drives only) |
| Trusted Receive DMA | 5D _H (SED drives only) |
| Write Buffer | E8 _H |
| Write DMA | CA _H |
| Write DMA Extended | 35 _H |
| Write DMA FUA Extended | 3D _H |
| Write FPDMA Queued | 61 _H |
| Write Log DMA Ext | 57 _H |
| Write Log Extended | 3F _H |
| Write Multiple | C5 _H |
| Write Multiple Extended | 39 _H |
| Write Multiple FUA Extended | CE _H |
| Write Sectors | 30 _H |
| Write Sectors Extended | 34 _H |
| Write Uncorrectable Extended | 45 _H |

5.3.1 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in **Table 12** on **page 30**. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive. **see Section 2.0 on page 7** for default parameter settings.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the Serial ATA specification.

| Table 13 | Identify | Device | command |
|----------|----------|--------|---------|
|----------|----------|--------|---------|

| 0Configuration information: - Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI - Bit 7: removable media - Bit 6: removable controller - Bit 7: removable | Word | Description | Value |
|---|-------|---|--|
| 2 ATA-reserved C837 _H 3 Obsolete 16 4 Retired 0000 _H 5 Retired 0000 _H 6 Obsolete 003F _H 7-9 Retired 0000 _H 10-19 Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none) ASCII 20-21 Retired 0000 _H 22 Obsolete 0000 _H 23-26 Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string) x.xx 27-46 Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string) ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST1000NM003G ST1000NM003G ST1000NM003G ST1000NM003G 47 (Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) 801 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN) 48 Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000 _H 49 Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled 2F00 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H | 0 | Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI Bit 7: removable media Bit 6: removable controller | 0C5A _H |
| 3Obsolete164Retired 0000_{H} 5Retired 0000_{H} 6Obsolete $003F_{H}$ 7-9Retired 0000_{H} 10-19Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, $0000_{H} = none$)ASCII20-21Retired 0000_{H} 22Obsolete 0000_{H} 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) 8010_{H} (S12e) / 8002_{H} (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000_{H} 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled $2F00_{H}$ 50Capabilities 4000_{H} 51-52Obsolete xxx_{H} 53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are valid xxx_{H} | 1 | Obsolete | 16,383 |
| 4Retired $0000_{\rm H}$ 5Retired $0000_{\rm H}$ 6Obsolete $003F_{\rm H}$ 7-9Retired $0000_{\rm H}$ 10-19Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, $0000_{\rm H} = none)$ ASCII20-21Retired $0000_{\rm H}$ 22Obsolete $0000_{\rm H}$ 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST1600NM001G ST1400NM003G ST1400NM003G ST1400NM003G ST11000NM001G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM003G | 2 | ATA-reserved | C837 _H |
| 5 Retired 0000 _H 6 Obsolete 003F _H 7-9 Retired 0000 _H 10-19 Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none) ASCII 20-21 Retired 0000 _H 20-21 Retired 0000 _H 22 Obsolete 0000 _H 23-26 Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string) x.xx 27-46 Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string) ST16000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST12000NM003G 47 (Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) 8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN) 48 Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000 _H 49 Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled 2F00 _H 50 Capabilities 4000 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H | 3 | Obsolete | 16 |
| 6Obsolete003FH7-9Retired0000H10-19Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000H = none)ASCII20-21Retired0000H22Obsolete0000H23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G27ØDrive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)8010H (512e) / 8002H (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only)4000H49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled2F00H50Capabilities4000H51-52ObsoletexxxxH xXXH53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are validxxxH | 4 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 7-9Retired0000 _H 10-19Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none)ASCII20-21Retired0000 _H 22Obsolete0000 _H 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only)4000 _H 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled2F00 _H 50Capabilities4000 _H 51-52Obsoletexxxx _H 53-56Wots 64-70 and 88 are validxxxx _H | 5 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 10-19Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, $0000_H = none)$ ASCII20-21Retired 0000_H 22Obsolete 0000_H 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST1200NM003G ST1200NM003G ST1200NM003G ST1200NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) $8010_H (512e) / 8002_H (4KN)$ 48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000_H 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled $2F00_H$ 50Capabilities 4000_H 51-52Obsolete $xxxx_H$ 53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are valid xxx_H | 6 | Obsolete | 003F _H |
| 20-21Retired0000 _H 22Obsolete0000 _H 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST11400NM001G ST1200NM003G ST1200NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only)4000 _H 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled2F00 _H 50Capabilities4000 _H 51-52Obsoletexxxx _H 53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are validxxxx _H | 7–9 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 22 Obsolete 0000 _H 23-26 Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string) x.xx 27-46 Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string) ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM003G ST12000NM003G 47 (Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) 8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN) 48 Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000 _H 49 Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled 2F00 _H 50 Capabilities 4000 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H 53-56 Words 64-70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 10–19 | Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none) | ASCII |
| 23-26Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)x.xx27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM001G ST12000NM003G ST12000NM003G ST10000NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only)4000 _H 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled2F00 _H 50Capabilities4000 _H 51-52Obsoletexxxx _H 53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are validxxxx _H | 20-21 | Retired | 0000 _H |
| 27-46Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)ST16000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST1400NM003G ST1400NM003G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM001G ST1200NM003G47(Bits 7-0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only)4000 _H 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled2F00 _H 50Capabilities4000 _H 51-52Obsoletexxxx _H 53-56Words 64-70 and 88 are validxxxx _H | 22 | Obsolete | 0000 _H |
| ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM003G ST12000NM003G ST12000NM003G ST12000NM003G ST10000NM003G ST10000NM003G ST10000NM003G47(Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) 8010_{H} (512e) / 8002_{H} (4KN)48Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000_{H} 49Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled $2F00_{H}$ 50Capabilities 4000_{H} 51-52Obsolete $xxxx_{H}$ 53-56Words 64–70 and 88 are valid $xxxx_{H}$ | 23–26 | Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string) | x.xx |
| 48 Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) 4000 _H 49 Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled 2F00 _H 50 Capabilities 4000 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H 53-56 Words 64-70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 27–46 | Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string) | ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM003G ST10000NM001G |
| 49 Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled 2F00 _H 50 Capabilities 4000 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H 53-56 Words 64-70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 47 | (Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16) | 8010 _H (512e) / 8002 _H (4KN) |
| 50 Capabilities 4000 _H 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H 53-56 Words 64–70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 48 | Trusted computing feature set supported bit 0 (SED only) | 4000 _H |
| 51-52 Obsolete xxxx _H 53-56 Words 64–70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 49 | Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled | 2F00 _H |
| 53-56 Words 64–70 and 88 are valid xxxx _H | 50 | Capabilities | 4000 _H |
| | 51-52 | Obsolete | xxxx _H |
| 57–58 Obsolete xxxx _H | 53-56 | Words 64–70 and 88 are valid | xxxx _H |
| | 57–58 | Obsolete | xxxx _H |

Table 13 Identify Device command

| Word | Description | Value |
|-------|---|--|
| 59 | (Bit 15: 0) Block Erase Ext Not Supported - N (Bit 14: 1) Overwrite Ext Supported - Y (Bit 13: X) Crypto Scramble Ext Supported (SED Only) - N (Bit 12: 1) Sanitize feature set supported - Y (Bit 11: 1) Commands allowed during sanitize op as specified in ACS-3 - Y (Bit 10: 1) Sanitize Antifreeze Lock Ext command supported - Y | 5D10 _H (512E) / 5D02 _H (4KN) |
| 60–61 | Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information) *Note: The maximum value allowed in this field is: 0FFFFFFFh (268,435,455 sectors, 137GB). Drives with capacities over 137GB will have 0FFFFFFFh in this field and the actual number of user-addressable LBAs specified in words 100-103. This is required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. | 0FFFFFFh* |
| 62 | Obsolete | 0000 _H |
| 63 | Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table) | xx07 _H |
| 64 | Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported) | 0003 _H |
| 65 | Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns) | 0078 _H |
| 66 | Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns) | 0078 _H |
| 67 | Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 ns) | 0078 _H |
| 68 | Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 ns) | 0078 _H |
| 69 | Additional supported | 0008 _H |
| 70–74 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 75 | Queue depth | 001F _H |
| 76 | Serial ATA capabilities | 8D0E _H |
| 77 | (Bit 6:1) Send/Receive FPDMA Queued Commands Supported | xx4x _H |
| 78 | Serial ATA features supported | 00CC _H |
| 79 | Serial ATA features enabled | xxxx _H |
| 80 | Major version number | 0FE0 _H (ACS-4) |
| 81 | Minor version number | FFFF _H |
| 82 | Command sets supported | 306B _H |
| 83 | Command sets supported | 7561 _H |
| 84 | Command sets support extension (see note following this table) | 6163 _H |
| 85 | Command sets enabled | 3069 _H |
| 86 | Command sets enabled | B441 _H |
| 87 | Command sets enable extension | 6163 _H |
| 88 | Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table) | xx7F _H |
| 89 | Security erase time | xxxx _H |
| 90 | Enhanced security erase time | xxxx _H |
| 92 | Master password revision code | FFFE _H |

Table 13Identify Device command

| Word | Description | Value |
|---------|---|--|
| 93 | Hardware reset value | xxxx _H |
| 95–99 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 100–103 | Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available. These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFFh. | (see Section 2.2) |
| 104–105 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 106 | Physical/Logical sector size | 6003 _H (512E) / 5000 _H (4KN) |
| 107 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 108–111 | The mandatory value of the world wide name (WWN) for the drive. NOTE: This field is valid if word 84, bit 8 is set to 1 indicating 64-bit WWN support. | Each drive will have a unique value. |
| 112–118 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 119 | Commands and feature sets supported | 43DE _H |
| 120 | Commands and feature sets supported or enabled | 40DC _H |
| 121-127 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 128 | Security status | 0021 _H |
| 129–159 | Seagate-reserved | xxxx _H |
| 160–167 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 168 | Device Nominal Form Factor | 3.5" |
| 169–205 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 206 | SCT Command Transport command set. If bit 0 is set to one, then the device supports SCT Command Transport. Bits 7:2 indicate individual SCT feature support. | xxBD _H |
| 207-216 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 217 | Nominal media rotation rate | 7200 |
| 218-221 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 222 | Transport Major Version | 11FF _H (SATA 3.3) |
| 223 | Transport Minor Version | 0000 _H |
| 224-229 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 230-233 | Extended Number of User Accessible Sectors | (see Section 2.2) |
| 234-254 | ATA-reserved | 0000 _H |
| 255 | Integrity word | xxA5 _H |

NOTE

See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 84, and 88 of the Identify Drive data.

| Descriptio | on (if bit i | s set to 1) |
|------------|--------------|--|
| | Bit | Word 63 |
| | 0 | Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported. |
| | 1 | Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported. |
| | 2 | Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported. |
| | 8 | Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active. |
| | 9 | Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active. |
| | 10 | Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active. |
| | Bit | Word 84 |
| | 0 | SMART error logging is supported. |
| | 1 | SMART self-test is supported. |
| | 2 | Media serial number is not supported. |
| | 3 | Media Card Pass Through Command feature set is not supported. |
| | 4 | Streaming feature set is not supported. |
| | 5 | GPL feature set is supported. |
| | 6 | WRITE DMA FUA EXT and WRITE MULTIPLE FUA EXT commands are supported. |
| | 7 | WRITE DMA QUEUED FUA EXT command is not supported. |
| | 8 | 64-bit World Wide Name is supported. |
| | 9-10 | Obsolete. |
| | 11-12 | Reserved for TLC. |
| | 13 | IDLE IMMEDIATE command with IUNLOAD feature is supported. |
| | 14 | Shall be set to 1. |
| | 15 | Shall be cleared to 0. |
| | Bit | Word 88 |
| | 0 | Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported. |
| | 1 | Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported. |
| | 2 | Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported. |
| | 3 | Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported. |
| | 4 | Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported. |
| | 5 | Ultra DMA mode 5 is supported. |
| | 6 | Ultra DMA mode 6 is supported. |
| | 8 | Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active. |
| | 9 | Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active. |
| | 10 | Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active. |
| | 11 | Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active. |
| | 12 | Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active. |
| | 13 | Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active. |
| | 14 | Ultra DMA mode 6 is currently active. |

5.3.2 Identify Device Data log

The IDENTIFY DEVICE Data log (log 30H) transfers information about the drive. The data is organized as a set of 512byte blocks of data, whose contents are shown in **Table 2 on page 7**. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive.

The following may contain drive-specific features that may are included in the Serial ATA specification

| Page (hex) | QWord Offset (dec) | Bits | Description | Value (hex) | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|----------|--|----------------|--|--|--|
| | List of supported pages | | | | | | |
| | | 63:24 | Reserved | | | | |
| | 07 | 23:16 | Page number | 00 | | | |
| | | 15:0 | Revision number | 0001 | | | |
| | 8 | | Number of entries in the following list | 09 | | | |
| | 9 | | Page number of the 1st supported ID data log page | 00 | | | |
| | 10 | | Page number of the 2nd supported ID data log page | 01 | | | |
| 00 | 11 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 02 | | | |
| | 12 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 03 | | | |
| | 13 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 04 | | | |
| | 14 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 05 | | | |
| | 15 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 06 | | | |
| | 16 | | Page number of the next supported ID data log page | 08 | | | |
| | 17 | | Page number of the last supported ID data log page | 00 | | | |
| | 18511 | | Reserved | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 01 | Copy of IDENTI | FY DEVIC | E data | | | | |
| 01 | 0511 | | Copy of IDENTIFY DEVICE command data | | | | |

Table 14 Identify Device Data log

| Capacity | Capacit | ty page information header (QWord) | | |
|----------|---------|---|--------------------|--|
| | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | |
| 07 | 62:24 | Reserved | | |
| | 23:16 | Page number | 02 | |
| | 15:0 | Revision number | 0001 | |
| | Device | Capacity (QWord) | | |
| 0.15 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | |
| 815 | 62:48 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 47:0 | accessible capacity | (see Section 2.2) | |
| | Physica | Physical/Logical Sector Size (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| | 62 | logical to physical sector relationship supported | 1 (512E) / 0 (4KN) | |
| 1623 | 61 | logical sector size supported bit | 1 (4KN) / 0 (512E) | |
| | 60:22 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 19:16 | logical to physical sector relationship | 0 (4KN) / 3 (512E) | |
| | 15:0 | logical sector offset | 4000 _H | |
| | Logical | Sector Size (QWord) | | |
| 2431 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 24 | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 31:0 | Logical Sector Size | 4096b (4KN) | |
| | Nomina | al Buffer Size (QWord) | | |
| 3239 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| | 62:0 | buffer size | 256 | |
| 40511 | | Reserved | 0 | |

| 03 | Supported Ca | Supported Capabilities | | | | |
|----|--------------|--|---|----|--|--|
| | | Supported Capabilities page information header (QWord) | | | | |
| | 07 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | | |
| | 07 | 62:24 | Reserved | | | |
| | | 23:16 | Page number | 03 | | |
| | 815 | Supported Capabilities (QWord) | | | | |
| | | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | | |
| | | 62:55 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 54 | advanced background operation supported | 0 | | |
| | | 53 | persistent sense data reporting | 0 | | |
| | | 52 | sff-8447 reporting | 1 | | |

| 51 | definitive ending pattern supported | 1 |
|----|---|---|
| 50 | data set management xl supported | 0 |
| 49 | set sector configuration supported | 1 |
| 48 | zero ext supported | 0 |
| 47 | successful ncq command sense data supported | 0 |
| 46 | dlc supported | 0 |
| 45 | request sense device default supported | 1 |
| 44 | dsn supported | 1 |
| 43 | low power standby supported | 0 |
| 42 | set epc power source supported | 0 |
| 41 | amax addr supported | 1 |
| 40 | Reserved for CFA | 0 |
| 39 | drat supported | 0 |
| 38 | lps misalignment reporting supported | 0 |
| 37 | Reserved | 0 |
| 36 | read buffer dma supported | 0 |
| 35 | write buffer dma supported | 0 |
| 34 | Reserved | 0 |
| 33 | download microcode dma supported | 0 |
| 32 | 28-bit supported | 0 |
| 31 | rzat supported | 0 |
| 30 | Reserved | 0 |
| 29 | nop supported | 0 |
| 28 | read buffer supported | 1 |
| 27 | write buffer supported | 1 |
| 26 | Reserved | 0 |
| 25 | read look-ahead supported | 1 |
| 24 | volatile write cache supported | 1 |
| 23 | smart supported | 1 |
| 22 | flush cache ext supported | 1 |
| 21 | Reserved | 0 |
| 20 | 48-bit supported | 1 |
| 19 | Reserved | 0 |
| 18 | spin-up supported | 1 |
| 17 | puis supported | 1 |
| 16 | apm supported | 1 |
| 15 | Reserved for CFA | 0 |

| Table 14 | Identify Devi | ice Data log | (continued) |
|----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
|----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|

| | 14 | download microcode supported | 1 |
|--------|---------|--|-------------------|
| | 13 | unload supported | 1 |
| | 12 | write fua ext supported | 1 |
| | 11 | gpl supported | 1 |
| | 10 | streaming supported | 0 |
| | 9 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 8 | smart self-test supported | 1 |
| | 7 | smart error logging supported | 1 |
| | 6 | epc supported | 1 |
| | 5 | sense data supported | 1 |
| | 4 | free-fall supported | 0 |
| | 3 | dm mode 3 supported | 1 |
| | 2 | gpl dma supported | 1 |
| | 1 | write uncorrectable supported | 1 |
| | 0 | wrv supported | 1 |
| | DOWNL | WNLOAD MICROCODE Capabilities (QWord) | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| | 62:36 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 35 | dm clears nonactivated deferred data | 0 |
| 1623 | 34 | dm offsets deferred supported | 1 |
| | 33 | dm immediate supported | 1 |
| | 32 | dm offsets immediate supported | 1 |
| | 31:16 | dm maximum transfer size | 0000 _H |
| | 15:0 | dm minimum transfer size | 0000 _H |
| | Nomina | I Media Rotation Rate (QWord) | |
| 24 21 | 63 | Shall be set to one | 1 |
| _ 2431 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 15:0 | nominal media rotation rate | 7200 |
| | Form Fa | actor (QWord) | |
| 22.20 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| 3239 | 62:4 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 3:0 | nominal form factor | 3.5″ |
| | Write-R | ead-Verify Sector Count Mode 3 (QWord) | I |
| 40.47 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| 4047 | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 31:0 | wrm mode 3 count | 0 |

| | Write-Rea | ad-Verify Sector Count Mode 2 (QWord) | | |
|-------|------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 40.55 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 4855 | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 31:0 | wrm mode 2 count | 0 | |
| | World wi | de name (DQWord) | | |
| FC 71 | 127 | Shall be set to one | 1 | |
| 5671 | 126:64 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 63:0 | world wide name | unique | |
| | DATA SE | T MANAGEMENT (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | Shall be set to one | 1 | |
| | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 | |
| 7279 | 31:16 | max pages per dsm command | 0 | |
| | 15:8 | logical block markups supported | 0 | |
| | 7:1 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 0 | trim supported | 0 | |
| | Utilizatio | Utilization Per Unit Time (DQWord) | | |
| | 127 | Shall be set to one | 1 | |
| | 126:120 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 119:112 | utilization type | Combined Writes and Reads | |
| 8095 | 111:104 | utilization units | ТВ | |
| | 103:96 | utilization interval | Per Year | |
| | 95:34 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 63:32 | utilization b | | |
| | 31:0 | utilization a | 550 | |
| | Utilizatio | n Usage Rate Support (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | |
| | 62:24 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 23 | setting rate basis supported | 0 | |
| 96103 | 22:9 | Reserved | 0 | |
| 90105 | 8 | since power on rate basis supported | 0 | |
| | 7:5 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 4 | power on hours rate basis supported | 0 | |
| | 3:1 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 0 | date/time rate basis supported | 0 | |

| | | Zoned Capabilities (QWord) | | | | |
|----|--------|---|---|---|--|--|
| 10 | 4 111 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| 10 | 94111 | 62:2 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 1:0 | zoned | 0 | | |
| | | Supporte | ed ZAC Capabilities (QWord) | | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| | | 62:5 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| 11 | 2119 | 4 | non-data reset write pointers ext supported | 0 | | |
| | 2119 | 3 | non-data finish zone ext supported | 0 | | |
| | | 2 | non-data close zone ext supported | 0 | | |
| | | 1 | non-data open zone ext supported | 0 | | |
| | | 0 | report zones ext supported | 0 | | |
| | | Advanced Background Operations Capabilities (QWord) | | | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| | | 62 | abo foreground mode supported | 0 | | |
| 12 | 0127 | 61 | abo ir mode supported | 0 | | |
| | | 60:48 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 47:16 | abo minimum fraction | 0 | | |
| | | 15:0 | abo minimum supported timelimit | 0 | | |
| | | Advance | d Background Operations Recommendations (QWord) | | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| 12 | 8135 | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 31:16 | device maintenance polling time | 0 | | |
| | | 15:0 | abo recommended abo start interval | 0 | | |
| | | Queue D | epth (QWord) | | | |
| 13 | 6 143 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| | 136143 | 62:5 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | | Support | ed SCT Capabilities (QWord) | | | |
|----|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--|
| | - | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| | - | 62:27 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | - | 26 | sct write same function 103 supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 20 | sct write same function 102 supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 25 | sct write same function 102 supported | 1 | | |
| | | 24 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 18 | | 1 | | |
| | 144 151 | | sct write same function 3 supported | | | |
| | 144151 | 17 | sct write same function 2 supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 16 | sct write same function 1 supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 15:6 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | - | 5 | sct data tables supported | 1 | | |
| | | 4 | sct feature control supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 3 | sct error recovery control supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 2 | sct write same supported | 1 | | |
| | - | 1 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 0 | sct supported | 1 | | |
| | - | Depopulation Capabilities (QWord) | | | | |
| | - | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | 152159 | 62:2 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | - | 1 | get physical element status supported | 1 | | |
| | | 0 | remove element and truncate supported | 1 | | |
| | | 35 | Depopulation Execution Time (QWord) | | | |
| | 160167 | | Bit Description: 63 Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | | | 62:0 DEPOPULATION TIME field (see 9.10.5.19) | (Unique per drive) | | |
| | 168503 | Reserved | ł | | | |
| | | Vendor S | Specific Supported Capabilities (QWord) | | | |
| | 504511 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | | |
| |] | 62:0 | Vendor specific | | | |
| | • | | · | | | |
| 04 | Current Setting | gs | | | | |
| | | Current | Settings page information header (QWord) | | | |
| | 0.7 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | | |
| | 07 | 62:24 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | 1 | 23:16 | Page number | 04 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | Current | Settings (QWord) | |
|----------|----------|---|---|
| | 63 | Shall be set to one | 1 |
| | 62:19 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 18 | successful ncq command sense data enabled | 0 |
| | 17 | dlc enabled | 0 |
| | 16 | dsn enabled | 0 |
| | 15 | epc enabled | 1 |
| | 14 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 13 | volatile write cache enabled | 1 |
| | 12 | Reserved | 0 |
| 815 | 11 | reverting to defaults enabled | 0 |
| 015 | 10 | sense data enabled | 1 |
| | 9 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 8 | non-volatile write cache | 1 |
| | 7 | read look-ahead | 1 |
| | 6 | smart enabled | 1 |
|] | 5 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 4 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 3 | puis enabled | 0 |
| | 2 | apm enabled | 0 |
| | 1 | free-fall enabled | 0 |
| | 0 | wrv enabled | 0 |
| | Feature | Settings (QWord) | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| 1623 | 62:18 | Reserved | 0 |
| 1025 | 17:16 | power source | 0 |
| | 15:8 | apm level | 0 |
| | 7:0 | wrv mode | 0 |
| | DMA Ho | st Interface Sector Times (QWord) | |
| 2431 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 15:0 | dma sector time | 0 |
| | PIO Host | : Interface Sector Times (QWord) | |
| 3239 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 |
| | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 |
| | 15:0 | pio sector time | 0 |

| | | Streaming Minimum Request Size (QWord) | | |
|-------|---------|--|-------------------|--|
| 4047 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 1017 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 15:0 | stream min request size | 0000 _H | |
| | Stream | ing Access Latency (QWord) | | |
| 4855 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 40 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 15:0 | stream access latency | 0 | |
| | Stream | ing Performance Granularity (QWord) | | |
| 5663 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 5005 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 15:0 | stream granularity | 0000 _H | |
| | Free-fa | Free-fall Control Sensitivity (QWord) | | |
| 6471 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | |
| 0471 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 15:0 | free-fall sensitivity | 0 | |
| | Device | Maintenance Schedule (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | |
| | 62:58 | Reserved | 0 | |
| 7279 | 57:48 | minimum inactive time in milliseconds | 0 | |
| | 47:32 | time scheduled for device maintenance | 0 | |
| | 31:16 | time to performance degradation | 0 | |
| | 15:0 | minimum inactive time | 0 | |
| | Advand | ced Background Operations Settings (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 0 | |
| 8087 | 62:8 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 7:0 | abo_status | 0 | |
| 88511 | Reserve | ed | | |

| | Strings | | | | | |
|----|----------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Supported Capabilities page information header (QWord) | | | | |
| | 07 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | | |
| | 07 | 62:24 | Reserved | | | |
| | | 23:16 | Page number | 05 | | |
| | 827 | SERIAL NUMBER (ATA String) | | XXXXXXXXH | | |
| | 2831 | Reserved | | | | |
| | 3239 | FIRMWAR | e revision (ATA String) | XXXX _H | | |
| 05 | 4047 | Reserved | | | | |
| | 4887 | MODEL N | UMBER (ATA String) | ST16000NM001G ST16000NM003G ST14000NM001G ST14000NM003G ST12000NM001G ST12000NM003G ST10000NM001G ST10000NM003G | | |
| | 8895 | Reserved | | | | |
| | 96103 | ADDITION | IAL PRODUCT IDENTIFIER (ATA String) | 0 | | |
| | 104511 | Reserved | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 06 | Security | | | | | |
| | _ | - | r page information header (QWord) | | | |
| | 07 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 | | |
| | _ | 62:24 | Reserved | | | |
| | | 23:16 | Page number | 06 | | |
| | | Master I | Password Identifier (QWord) | | | |
| | 815 | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | - | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 15:0 | master password identifier | FFFE _H | | |

| | Security Status (QWord) | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | - | 62:7 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 6 | security supported | 1 | | |
| | | 5 | master password capability | 0 | | |
| | 1623 | 4 | enhanced security erase supported | 1 | | |
| | | 3 | security count expired | 0 | | |
| | | 2 | security frozen | 0 | | |
| | | 1 | security locked | 0 | | |
| | | 0 | security enabled | 0 | | |
| | | Time req | uired for an Enhanced Erase mode SECURITY ERASE UNIT command | d (QWord) | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | 2431 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 15 | enhanced security erase time format | 1 | | |
| | | 14:0 | enhanced security erase time | (Unique per drive) | | |
| | | Time req | uired for an Normal Erase mode SECURITY ERASE UNIT command (| QWord) | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | 3239 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 15 | normal security erase time format | 1 | | |
| | | 14:0 | normal security erase time | (Unique per drive) | | |
| | | Trusted (| usted Computing Feature Set (QWord) | | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | 4047 | 62:1 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 0 | trusted computing supported | 0 (1, SED drives only) | | |
| | | Security | Capabilities (QWord) | | | |
| | | 63 | Contents of the QWord are valid | 1 | | |
| | | 62:8 | Reserved | 0 | | |
| | | 7 | restricted sanitize overrides security | 0 | | |
| | 4855 | 6 | acs-3 commands allowed by sanitize | 1 | | |
| | | 5 | sanitize antifreeze lock supported | 1 | | |
| | | 4 | block erase supported | 0 | | |
| | | 3 | overwrite supported | 1 | | |
| | | 2 | crypto scramble supported | 0 (1, SED and ISE drives only) | | |
| | | 1 | sanitize supported | 1 | | |
| | | 0 | encrypt all supported | 0 | | |

| | 56511 | Reserved | | |
|----|--------------|----------|--|-----------|
| | - | | | |
| 07 | Parallel ATA | | | |
| | 000511 | | (Not supported for SATA drives) | all zeros |
| | | | | |
| 08 | Serial ATA | al ATA | | |
| | | Serial A | TA page information header (QWord) | |
| | 07 | 63 | Shall be set to 1 | 1 |
| | 0/ | 62:24 | Reserved | |
| | | 23:16 | Page number | 08 |
| | | SATA Ca | pabilities | |
| | | 63 | Shall be set to one | 1 |
| | | 62:32 | Reserved | 0 |
| | | 31 | power disable feature always enabled | 0 |
| | | 30 | power disable feature supported | 0 |
| | | 29 | rebuild assist supported | 0 |
| | 8.15 | 28 | dipm ssp preservation supported | 0 |
| | | 27 | hybrid information supported | 0 |
| | | 26 | devsleep to reducedpwrstate capability supported | 0 |
| | 015 | 25 | device sleep supported | 0 |
| | | 24 | ncq autosense supported | 1 |
| | | 23 | software settings preservation supported | 1 |
| | | 22 | hardware feature control supported | 0 |
| | | 21 | in-order data delivery supported | 0 |
| | | 20 | device initiated power management supported | 1 |
| | | 19 | dma setup auto-activation supported | 1 |
| | | 18 | nonzero buffer offsets supported | 0 |
| | | 17 | send and receive queued commands supported | 1 |

| | | ce Butu te | | | |
|---|------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| | | 16 | ncq non-data command supported | 0 | |
| | | 15 | ncq streaming supported | 0 | |
| | | 14 | read log dma ext as equivalent to read log ext supported | 1 | |
| | | 13 | device automatic partial to slumber transitions supported | 0 | |
| | | 12 | host automatic partial to slumber transitions supported | 0 | |
| | | 11 | ncq priority information supported | 0 | |
| | | 10 | unload while ncq commands are outstanding supported | 1 | |
| | | 9 | sata phy event counters log supported | 1 | |
| | | 8 | receipt of host initiated power management requests supported | 0 | |
| | | 7 | ncq feature set supported | 1 | |
| | | 6:3 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | 2 | sata gen3 signaling speed supported | 1 | |
| | | 1 | sata gen2 signaling speed supported | 1 | |
| | | 0 | sata gen1 signaling speed supported | 1 | |
| | | Current SATA Settings (QWord) | | | |
| | | 63 | Shall be set to one | 1 | |
| | | 62:14 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | 13 | hybrid enabled | 0 | |
| | | 12 | rebuild assist enabled | 0 | |
| | | 11 | power disable feature enabled | 0 | |
| | | 10 | device sleep enabled | 0 | |
| 1 | 1623 | 9 | automatic partial to slumber transitions enabled | 0 | |
| | | 8 | software settings preservation enabled | 1 | |
| | | 7 | hardware feature control is enabled | 0 | |
| | | 6 | in-order data delivery enabled | 0 | |
| | | 5 | device initiated power management enabled | 0 | |
| | | 4 | dma setup auto-activation enabled | 1 | |
| | | 3 | nonzero buffer offsets enabled | 0 | |
| | | 2:0 | current negotiated serial ata signal speed | (6.0, 3.0, 1.5) Gb/s | |
| | | | | | |

| Table 14 | Identify | Device Dat | a log | (continued) |
|----------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------------|
|----------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------------|

| 2439 | Reserve | ed | | |
|----------------|---------|--|---|--|
| 4041 | CURRENT | CURRENT HARDWARE FEATURE CONTROL IDENTIFIER (Word) | | |
| 4243 | SUPPORT | SUPPORTED HARDWARE FEATURE CONTROL IDENTIFIER (Word) | | |
| 4447 | Reserve | erved | | |
| | Device | Sleep Timing Variables (QWord) | | |
| | 63 | devslp timing variables supported | 0 | |
| 40 55 | 62:16 | Reserved | 0 | |
| 4855 | 15:8 | devsleep exit timeout (deto) | 0 | |
| | 7:5 | Reserved | 0 | |
| | 4:0 | minimum devslp assertion time (mdat) | 0 | |
| 56511 Reserved | | ed | I | |

5.3.3 Device Statistics log

The Device Statistics log (log 04H) transfers information about the drive. The data is organized as a set of 512-byte blocks of data, whose contents are shown in **Table 2 on page 7**. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive.

The following may contain drive-specific features that are included in the SATA specifications.

| Page (hex) | Statistic | Supported | | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| 00 | List of supported log pages | Yes | | | |
| 01 | General Statistics | | | | |
| | Lifetime Power-on Resets | Yes | | | |
| | Power-on Hours | Yes | | | |
| | Logical Sectors Written | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Write Commands | Yes | | | |
| | Logical Sectors Read | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Read Commands | Yes | | | |
| | Pending Error Count | Yes | | | |
| | Workload Utilization | No | | | |
| | Utilization Usage Rate | No | | | |
| | Resource Availability | No | | | |
| | Random Write Resources Used | No | | | |
| 02 | Free Fall Statistics | | | | |
| | Number of Free-Fall Events Detected | No | | | |
| | Overlimit Shock Events | No | | | |
| 03 | Rotating Media Statistics | | | | |
| | Spindle Motor Power-on Hours | Yes | | | |
| | Head Flying Hours | Yes | | | |
| | Head Loaded Events | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Reallocated Logical Sectors | Yes | | | |
| | Read Recovery Attempts | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Mechanical Start Failures | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Reallocation Candidate Logical Sectors | Yes | | | |
| | Number of High Priority Unload Events | Yes | | | |
| 04 | General Errors Statistics | | | | |
| | Number of Reported Uncorrectable Errors | Yes | | | |
| | Number of Resets Between Command Acceptance and Command Completion | Yes | | | |
| | Physical Element Status Changed | Yes | | | |

Table 15 Device Statistics log

Table 15 Device Statistics log

| 05 | Temperature Statistics | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | Current Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Average Short Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Average Long Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Highest Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Lowest Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Highest Average Short Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Lowest Average Short Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Highest Average Long Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Lowest Average Long Term Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Time in Over-Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Specified Maximum Operating Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Time in Under-Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| | Specified Minumum Operating Temperature | Yes | | | | |
| 06 | Transport Statistics | | | | | |
| | Number of Hardware Resets | Yes | | | | |
| | Number of ASR Events | Yes | | | | |
| | Number of Interface CRC Errors | Yes | | | | |
| 07 | Solid State Device Statistics | | | | | |
| | Percentage Used Endurance Indicator | No | | | | |
| 08 | Zoned Device Statistics | | | | | |
| | Maximum Open Zones | No | | | | |
| | Maximum Explicitly Open Zones | No | | | | |
| | Maximum Implicitly Open Zones | No | | | | |
| | Minimum Empty Zones | No | | | | |
| | Maximum Non Sequential Zones | No | | | | |
| | Zones Emptied | No | | | | |
| | Suboptimal Write Commands | No | | | | |
| | Commands Exceeding Optimal Limit | No | | | | |
| | Failed Explicit Opens | No | | | | |
| | Read Rule Violations | No | | | | |
| | Write Rule Violations | No | | | | |
| 09FE | Reserved | | | | | |
| FF | Vendor Specific Statistics | | | | | |
| | TBD | x | | | | |

5.3.4 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled. The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

Table 16 Set Features command values

- 02_H Enable write cache (*default*).
- 03_H Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register). Sector Count register values:
 - 00_H Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2).
 - 01_H Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2).
 - 08_H PIO mode 0
 - 09_H PIO mode 1
 - 0A_H PIO mode 2
 - 0B_H PIO mode 3
 - 0C_H PIO mode 4 (default)
 - 20_H Multiword DMA mode 0
 - 21_H Multiword DMA mode 1
 - 22_H Multiword DMA mode 2
 - 40_H Ultra DMA mode 0
 - 41_H Ultra DMA mode 1
 - 42_H Ultra DMA mode 2
 - 43_H Ultra DMA mode 3
 - 44_H Ultra DMA mode 4
 - 45_H Ultra DMA mode 5
 - 46_H Ultra DMA mode 6
- 10_H Enable use of SATA features
- 55_H Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature.
- 82_H Disable write cache
- 90_H Disable use of SATA features
- AA_H Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature (*default*).
- F1_H Report full capacity available
 - NOTE

At power-on, or after a hardware or software reset, the default values of the features are as indicated above.

5.3.5 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disk drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-5 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for D4_H) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/downloads/seatools/</u>.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. Users must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

| Code in features register | S.M.A.R.T. command |
|---------------------------|--|
| D0 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Read Data |
| D2 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave |
| D3 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values |
| D4 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST) |
| D5 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector |
| D6 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector |
| D8 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations |
| D9 _H | S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations |
| DA _H | S.M.A.R.T. Return Status |

Table 17 S.M.A.R.T. commands

NOTE

If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.



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